



# CrownBio

CONNECTING SCIENCE TO PATIENTS

## Corporate Headquarters:

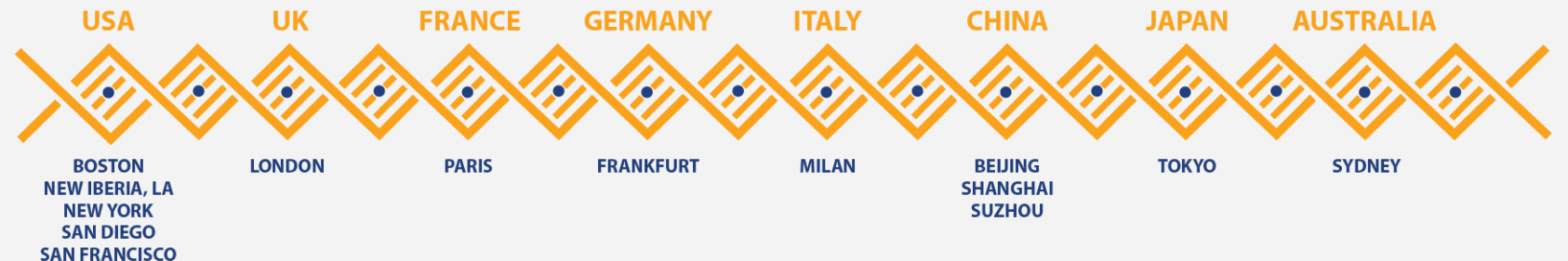
16550 West Bernardo Drive  
Building 5, Suite 525  
San Diego, CA 92127  
Tel: 855.827.6968  
Fax: 888.882.4881  
[www.crownbio.com](http://www.crownbio.com)

# Modeling Human Cancers *In vitro* & *In vivo*

## Matched patient-derived living biobanks

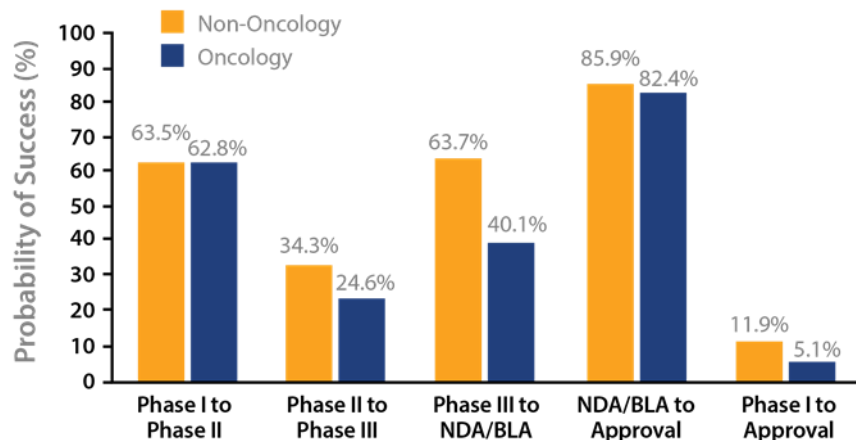
**Henry Li, Ph.D.**

**Chief Scientific Officer**

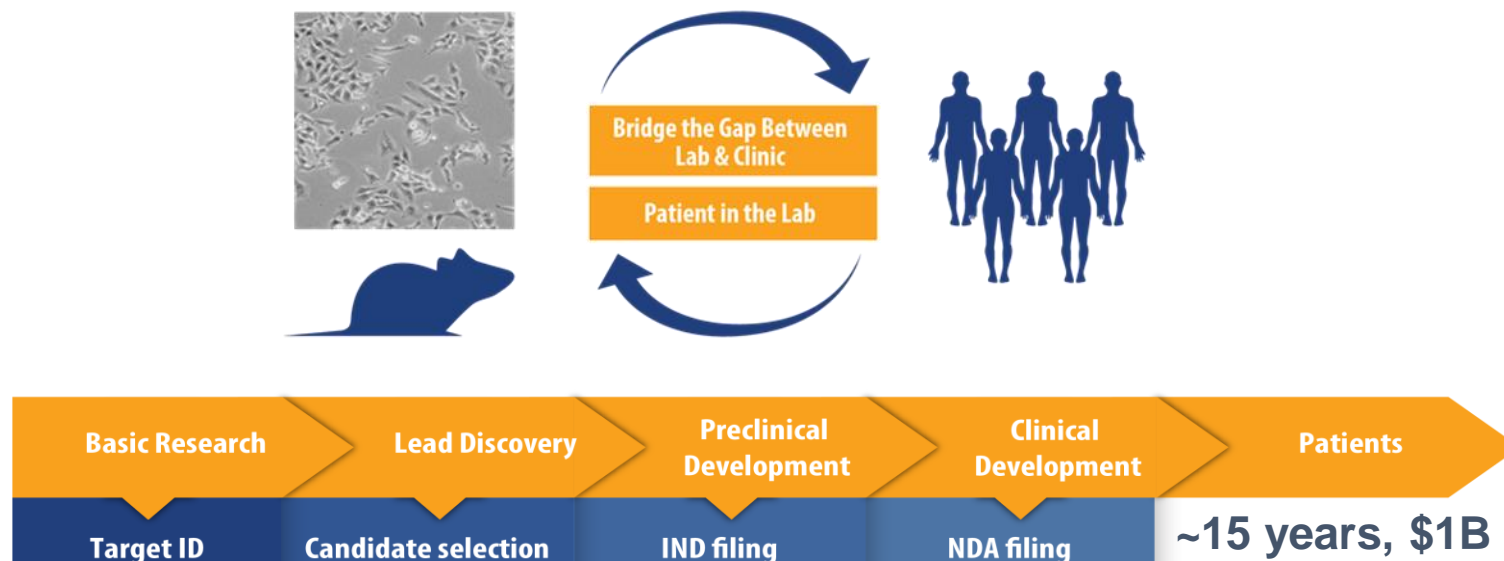


# Superior Preclinical Oncology Models Needed

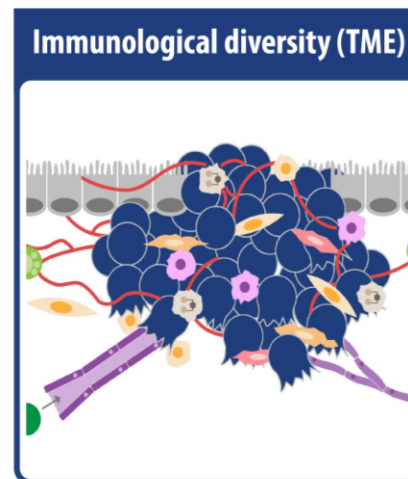
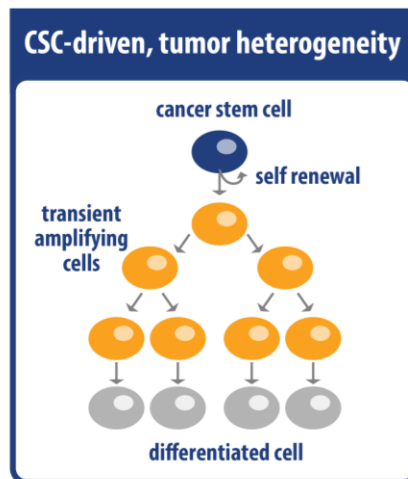
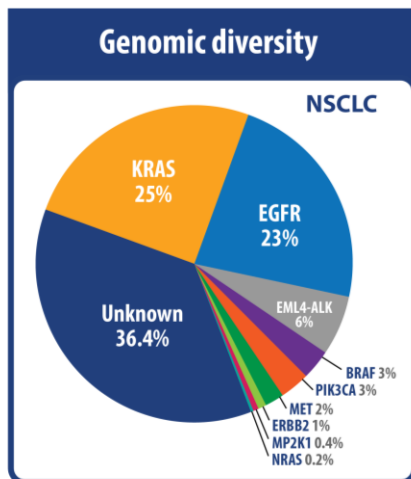
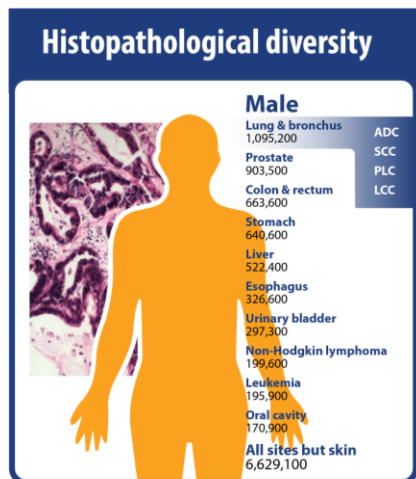
- High attrition highlights the **gap** in translation from preclinical to clinical - there is a critical need for better modeling of human cancers
- High cost and long duration highlight the need for improved **workflows**



BIO Industry Analysis, 2016. Clinical Development Success Rates 2006-2015.



## Heterogeneity



### Five Key Parameters:

1. Histopathology
2. Molecular pathology
3. CSC-theory
4. TME
5. Pharmacology

### Key Considerations:

- Predictive power
- Diverse, extensive library
- Enabling efficient pharmacology to mimic population-based clinical trials
- Shorter timelines, reproducibility, cost

# PDX: Today's Workhorse for Predictive Modeling

## Contributions to novel drug approvals in 2020 from CrownBio's PDX models

### Mirrors patient population:

- CSC-diseases (genetically stable)
- Inter- and intra- tumor heterogeneity
- Histology, molecular pathology
- TME
- Pharmacology (predictive for chemo/target therapy)
- “Arguably the gold-standard”

### FDA approvals:

- 43 novel drug approvals by FDA since Nov 2019; 17 were novel oncology drug approvals
- CrownBio directly contributed to 7/17 of them; **6 were assessed using PDX models**



### Documented predictive power of PDX models:

- Yen et al., 2017. AG-221, a First-in-Class Therapy Targeting Acute Myeloid Leukemia Harboring Oncogenic IDH2 Mutations. *Cancer Discov.*
- Walker et al, 2013. Discovery of a mutant-selective covalent inhibitor of EGFR that overcomes T790M-mediated resistance in NSCLC. *Cancer Discov.*
- Corcoran et al, 2015. Combined BRAF and MEK Inhibition With Dabrafenib and Trametinib in BRAF V600-Mutant Colorectal Cancer. *J Clin Oncol.*
- Gao et al, (2015). High-throughput screening using patient-derived tumor xenografts to predict clinical trial drug response. *Nat Med*, 21, 1318.

Approval Date	Drug Name	Active Ingredient	FDA-approved use (on approval date)
9/4/2020	<a href="#">Gavreto</a>	pralsetinib (BLU-667)	Non-small lung cancer
5/15/2020	<a href="#">Qinlock</a>	ripretinib (DCC-2618)	Advanced gastrointestinal-stromal tumors
5/8/2020	<a href="#">Retevmo</a>	selpercatinib (LOXO-292)	Lung and thyroid cancers
5/6/2020	<a href="#">Tabrecta</a>	capmatinib	Non-small cell lung cancer
4/17/2020	<a href="#">Tukysa</a>	tucatinib	Advanced unresectable/metastatic HER2+ breast cancer
1/23/2020	<a href="#">Tazverik</a>	tazemetostat	Epithelioid sarcoma
11/14/2019	<a href="#">Brukinsa</a>	zanubrutinib	Mantle cell lymphoma

1. Hypothesis testing
2. Hypothesis generation



From **US**, **European**,  
and **Asian** populations



Acute lymphoblastic leukemia (ALL) 42	Fallopian 2	Mixed mullerian 20
Acute myeloid leukemia (AML) 6	Gallbladder 13	Ovarian 100
Adrenal 3	Gastric 163	Pancreatic 177
Bladder 38	Gastrointestinal stromal (GIST) 13	Peritoneal 2
Brain 32	Head and neck 126	Prostate 4
Breast 67	Kidney 35	Sarcoma 139
Cervical 25	Liver 144	Testis 1
Cholangiocarcinoma 24	Lung 428	Thyroid 6
Chondromyxoid fibroma 1	Lymphoma 44	Unclear primary site 18
Colorectal 378	Melanoma 262	Undergoing clinical confirmation 14
Esophageal 113	Mesothelioma 1	Uterine 18

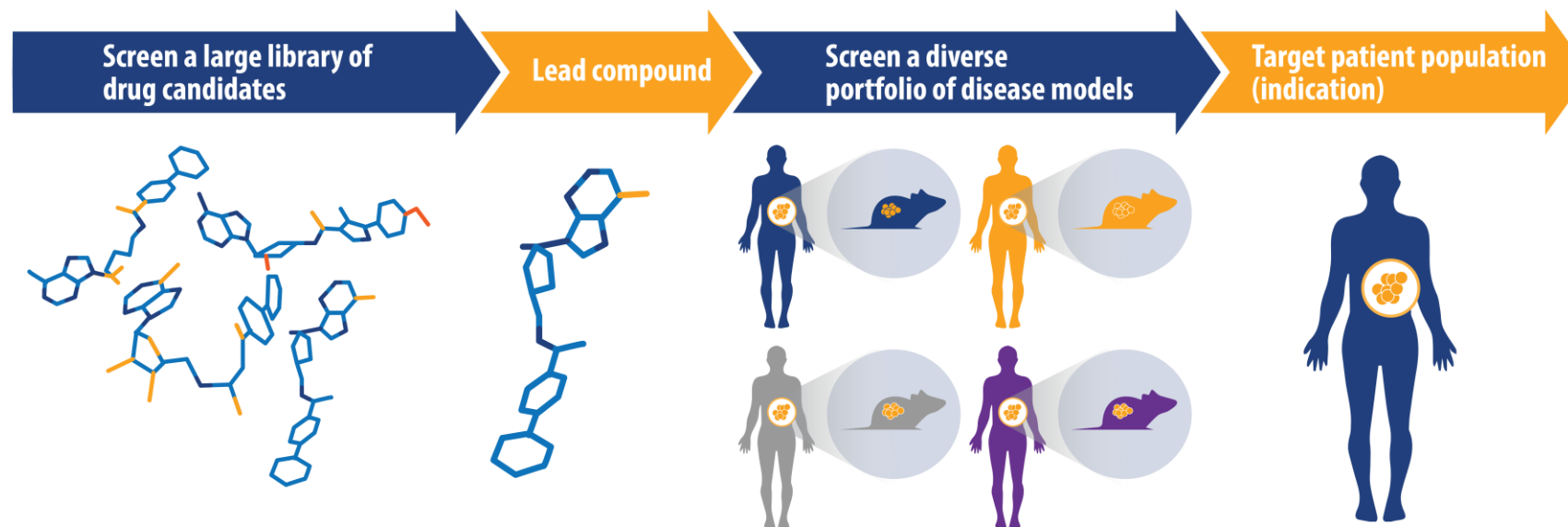
Largest comprehensively annotated PDX library:  
**HuBase™**



- >3,400 PDX
- ~10k users/40k individuals access/year
- >15,000 treatment datasets
- >200 mouse clinical trials/year
- RNA-Seq (>2363); WES (>1920); miRNA (193); proteomics data (> 50); SOC (430)
- Widely published, including >20 papers co-authored by CrownBio

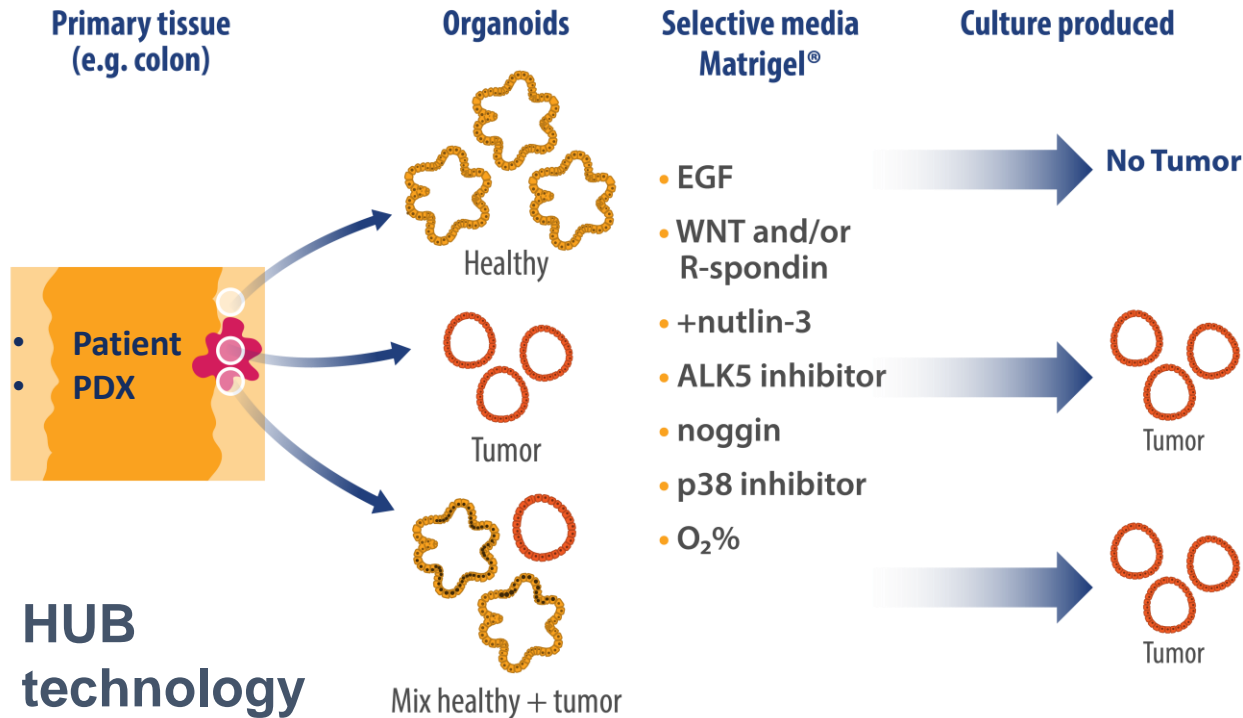
# Improved Oncology Drug Discovery Workflows Needed

- Oncology drug discovery requires selection on **two variables**
  - Lead compound identification
  - Disease indication
- Linear workflow is fundamentally time-consuming, risky and costly
- Matrix high-throughput screening (HTS) can improve workflow efficiencies
- PDX models, although widely adopted, have some limitations



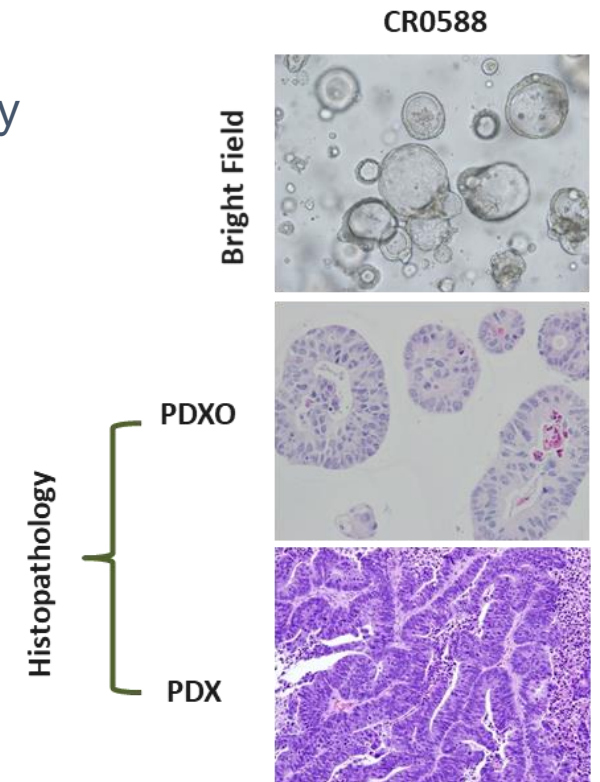


# Tumor Organoids of Epithelial Origin: Patient-Derived Model *In Vitro*



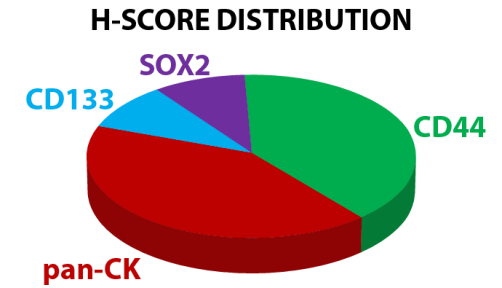
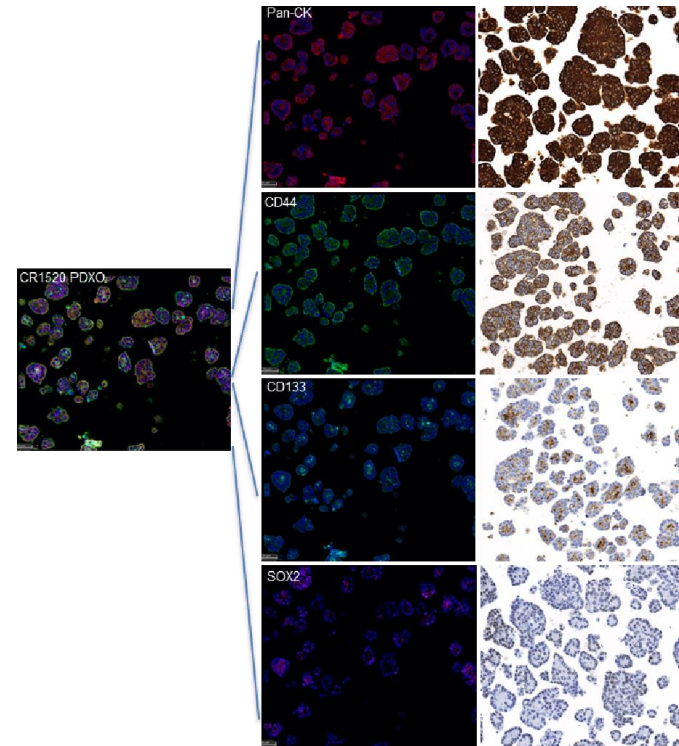
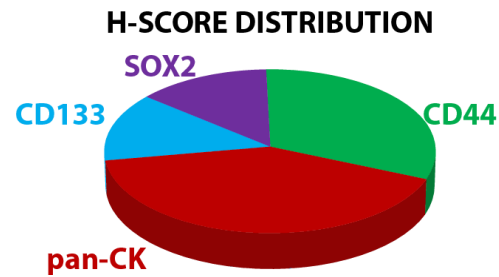
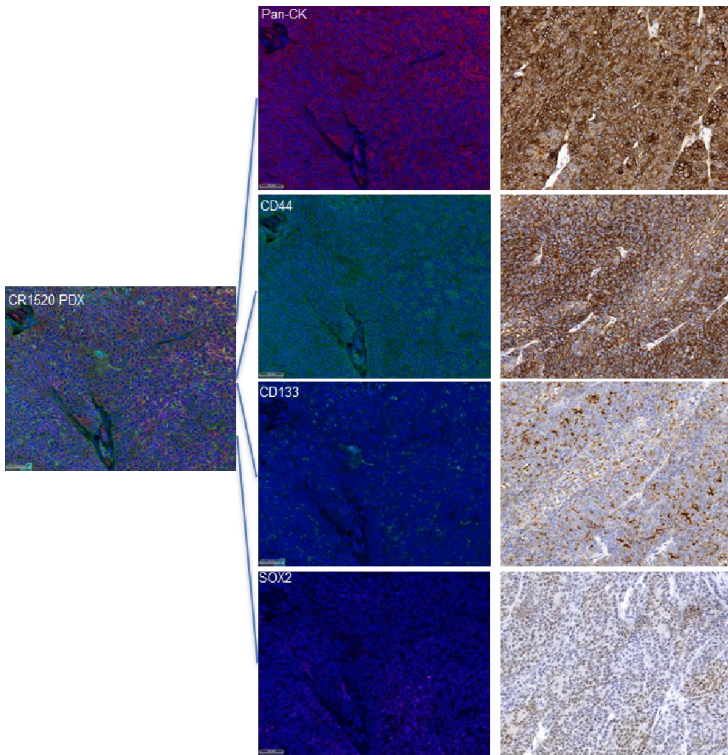
## Five Key Parameters:

1. Histopathology
2. Molecular pathology
3. CSC-theory
4. TME
5. Pharmacology



# Similar CSC Components

## Matched PDX/PDXO pair (CR1520)





# Documented Predictive Power of PDO Models

RESEARCH | REPORTS

ORGANOIDS

Vlachogiannis *et al.*, *Science* **359**, 920–926 (2018)

## Patient-derived organoids model treatment response of metastatic gastrointestinal cancers

- 90% positive prediction
- 100% negative prediction

SCIENCE TRANSLATIONAL MEDICINE | RESEARCH ARTICLE

CANCER

Patient-derived organoids can predict response to chemotherapy in metastatic colorectal cancer patients

Ooft *et al.*, *Sci. Transl. Med.* **11**, eaay2574 (2019)

**Cell Stem Cell**

Clinical and Translational Report

**Patient-Derived Organoids Predict Chemoradiation Responses of Locally Advanced Rectal Cancer**

Yao *et al.*, 2020, *Cell Stem Cell* **26**, 1–10

nature  
medicine

RESOURCE

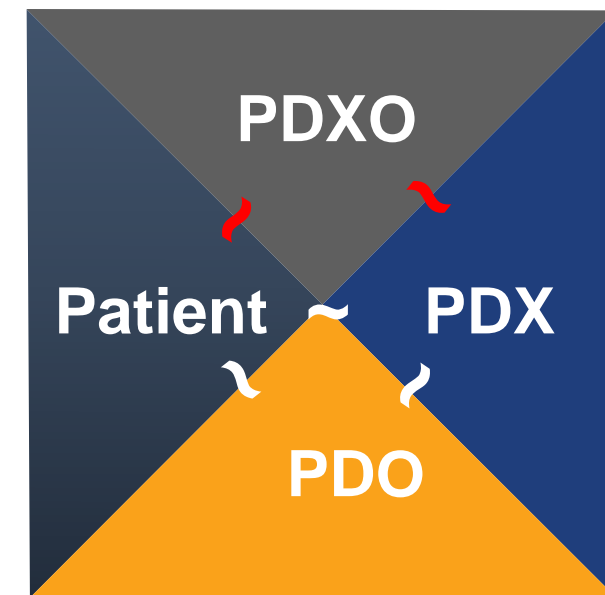
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41591-019-0584-2>

A rectal cancer organoid platform to study individual responses to chemoradiation

Karuna Ganesh<sup>1,2,†</sup>, Chao Wu<sup>3,4,2†</sup>, Kevin P. O'Rourke<sup>5,6</sup>, Bryan C. Szeglin<sup>4,7</sup>, Youyun Zheng<sup>8,9</sup>, Charles-Etienne Gabriel Sauv  <sup>4</sup>, Mohammad Adileh<sup>4</sup>, Isaac Wasserman<sup>4</sup>, Michael R. Marco<sup>4</sup>, Amanda S. Kim<sup>10</sup>, Maha Shady<sup>8,9</sup>, Francisco Sanchez-Vega<sup>4,11</sup>, Wouter R. Karthaus<sup>3</sup>, Helen H. Won<sup>8,9</sup>, Seo-Hyun Choi<sup>4</sup>, Raphael Pelossof<sup>4</sup>, Afsar Barlas<sup>12</sup>, Peter Ntiamoah<sup>8</sup>, Emmanouil Pappou<sup>4</sup>, Arthur Elghouayel<sup>4</sup>, James S. Strong<sup>4</sup>, Chin-Tung Chen<sup>4</sup>, Jennifer W. Harris<sup>4</sup>, Martin R. Weiser<sup>4</sup>, Garrett M. Nash<sup>4</sup>, Jose G. Guillem<sup>4</sup>, Iris H. Wei<sup>4</sup>, Richard N. Kolesnick<sup>4</sup>, Harini Veeraraghavan<sup>13</sup>, Eduardo J. Ortiz<sup>14</sup>, Iva Petkovska<sup>14</sup>, Andrea Cercek<sup>2</sup>, Katia O. Manova-Todorova<sup>12</sup>, Leonard B. Saltz<sup>2</sup>, Jessica A. Lavery<sup>15</sup>, Ronald P. DeMatteo<sup>16</sup>, Joan Massagu  <sup>6</sup>, Philip B. Paty<sup>4</sup>, Rona Yaeger<sup>2</sup>, Xi Chen<sup>17</sup>, Sujata Patil<sup>15</sup>, Hans Clevers<sup>18</sup>, Michael F. Berger<sup>8,9</sup>, Scott W. Lowe<sup>9,5</sup>, Jinru Shia<sup>8,19</sup>, Paul B. Romesser<sup>20</sup>, Lukas E. Dow<sup>20</sup>, Julio Garcia-Aguilar<sup>4</sup>, Charles L. Sawyers<sup>2,21\*</sup> and J. Joshua Smith<sup>2,4,21\*</sup>

*"...PDO biobanks greatly expand the types of patient samples that can be propagated and studied..."*

Bioequivalence among patient-derived models (?)



# Organoid Biobank (PDO/PDXO)

Cancer type	PDO	PDXO	Sum
BL-Bladder Cancer		4	4
BR-Breast Cancer	13	5	18
BR-Breast Normal	6		6
CC-Cholangiocarcinoma		3	3
CR-Colorectal Cancer	87	59	146
CR-Colorectal Normal	16		16
CV-Cervical Cancer		3	3
ES-Esophageal Cancer		9	9
FT-Fallopian tube	4		4
GA-Gastric Cancer		26	26
GL-Gallbladder Cancer		2	2
HN-Head and Neck Cancer		2	2
LI-Liver Cancer		10	10
LU-Lung Cancer	22	49	71
LU-Lung Normal	12		12
ME-Melanoma		6	6
OV-Ovarian Cancer	8	10	18
PA-Pancreatic Cancer	25	40	65
PA-Pancreatic Normal	7		7
UT-Uterine Cancer		1	1
<b>Sum</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>429</b>

Growth kinetics	PDO	PDXO	Sum
Fast	42	33	75
Medium	76	143	219
Slow	59	53	112
<b>Sum</b>	<b>177</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>406</b>

## Database Registration: OrganoidBase

### Access a Unique Collection of Patient-Relevant Organoid Models to Improve Predictivity and In Vivo Model Selection

Quickly and easily find the most appropriate models for your drug development studies using OrganoidBase, our online, searchable organoid database.

The first release of OrganoidBase features our patient-relevant PDX tumor-derived organoids (PDXO), and all their related histopathology, IC50, genomic, and transcriptomic analysis data. OrganoidBase allows you to rapidly search for specific models to meet all your research needs.

Our organoids are the only commercially available 3D in vitro model derived using IP-protected Hubrecht Organoid Technology (HUB) protocols.



Create Your Account Now!

### Search Organoid Models for Your Specific Research Needs

Browse the collection to:

- Select organoid models which best fit your research criteria
- Cross reference PDXO model data with matched PDX in vivo models
- Review and export PDXO histopathology, IC50, genomic, and transcriptomic analysis data

Create Your Account Now!

### Existing Users

LOGIN

### Access the Database!

First Name\*

Last Name\*

Company Name

Email Address\*

- Job Role -

- Country -

- Create Your Password -

CrownBio needs the contact information you provide to us to contact you about our products and services. You may unsubscribe from these communications at anytime. For information on how to unsubscribe, as well as our privacy practices and commitment to protecting your privacy, check out our [Privacy Policy](#).

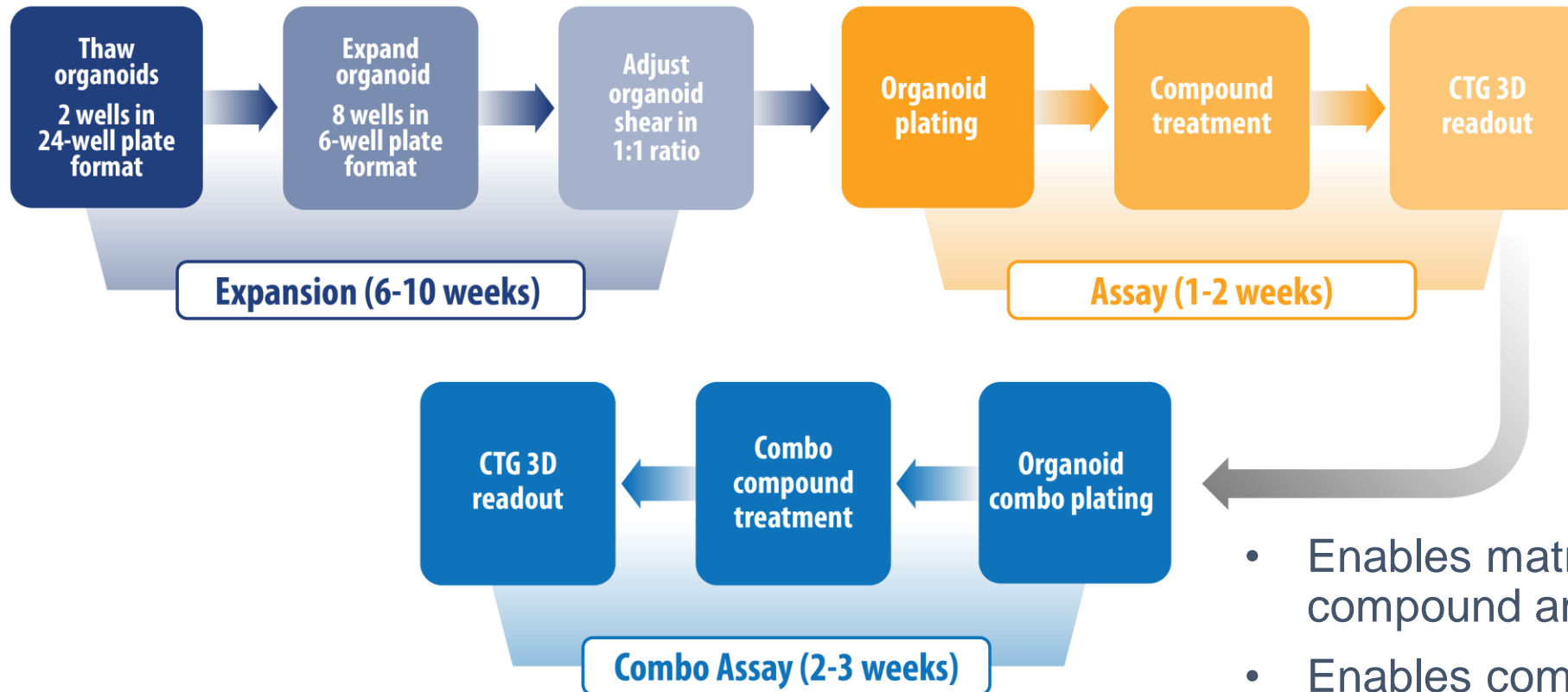
CREATE ACCOUNT

Your privacy is important to us.  
We'll never share your information.

## Data Featured:

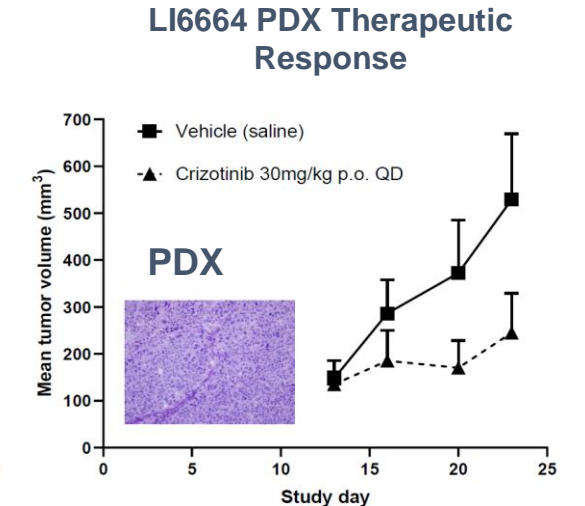
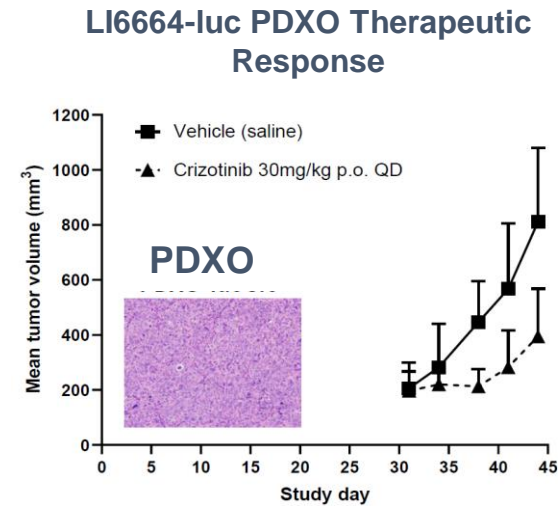
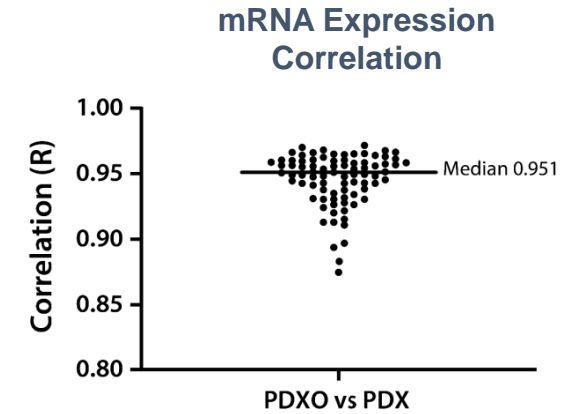
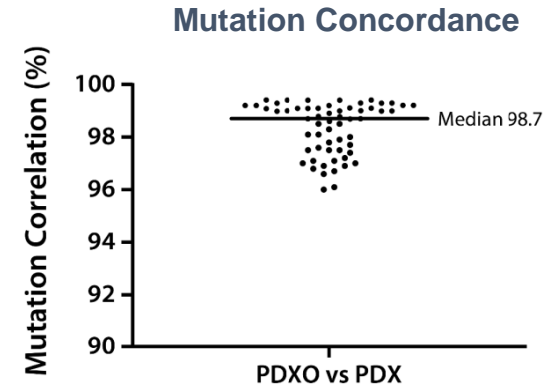
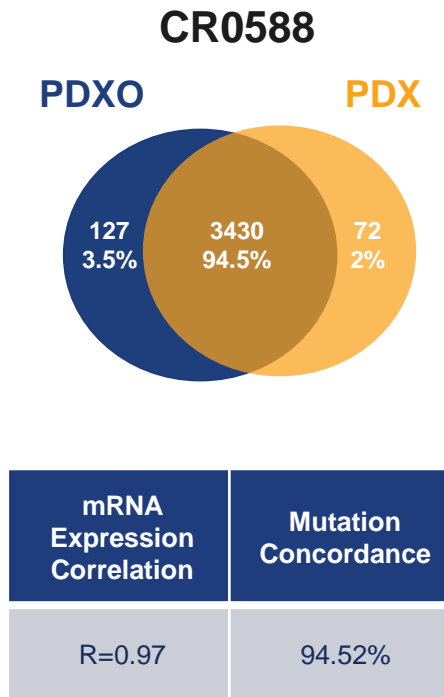
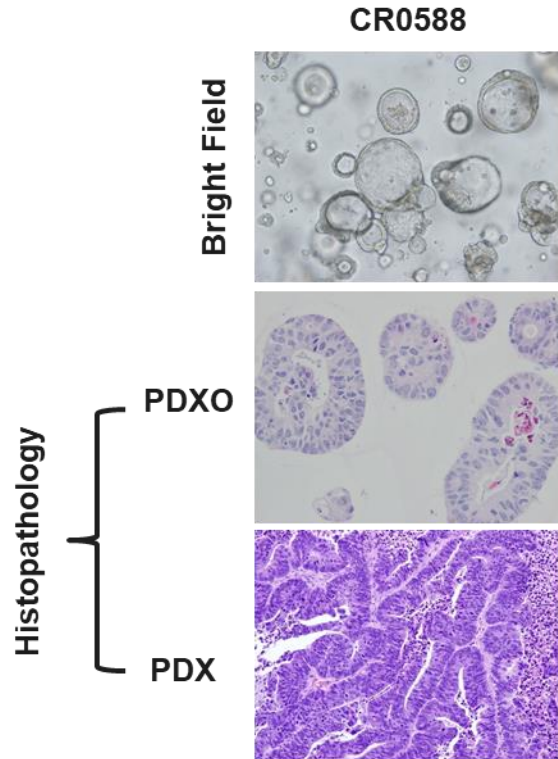
- Morphology:** light microscopy; histopathology (H&E, some IHC)
- Genomic:** RNA-Seq and WES
- Other info:** SOC & patient information
- Login:** <https://organoid.crownbio.com>

# Organoid Screen Workflow



- Enables matrix screen for both compound and model library
- Enables combination therapy screening

# Biological Equivalence: High Correlation Between PDX/PDXO

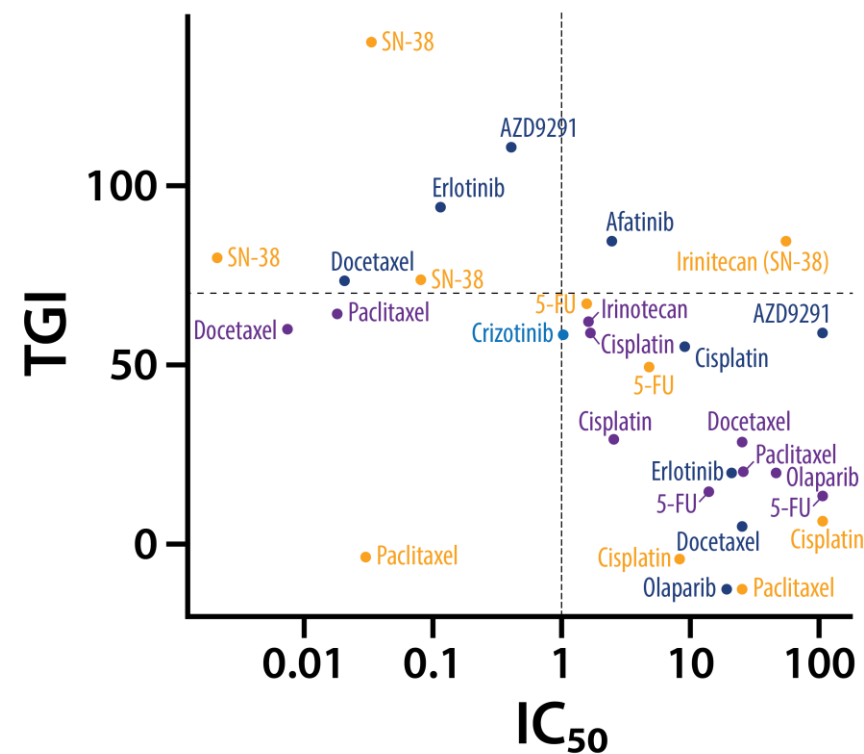


## Enhanced predictivity of *in vivo* PDX efficacy

**Overall prediction 86%**  
**Fisher's exact test p value=0.001135**

	Sensitive (IC <sub>50</sub> <1μM)	Resistant (IC <sub>50</sub> ≥1μM)
TGI Sensitive (TGI≥70%)	6 (Positive prediction 75%)	2
Resistant (TGI<70%)	2	20 (Negative prediction 91%)
IC <sub>50</sub>		

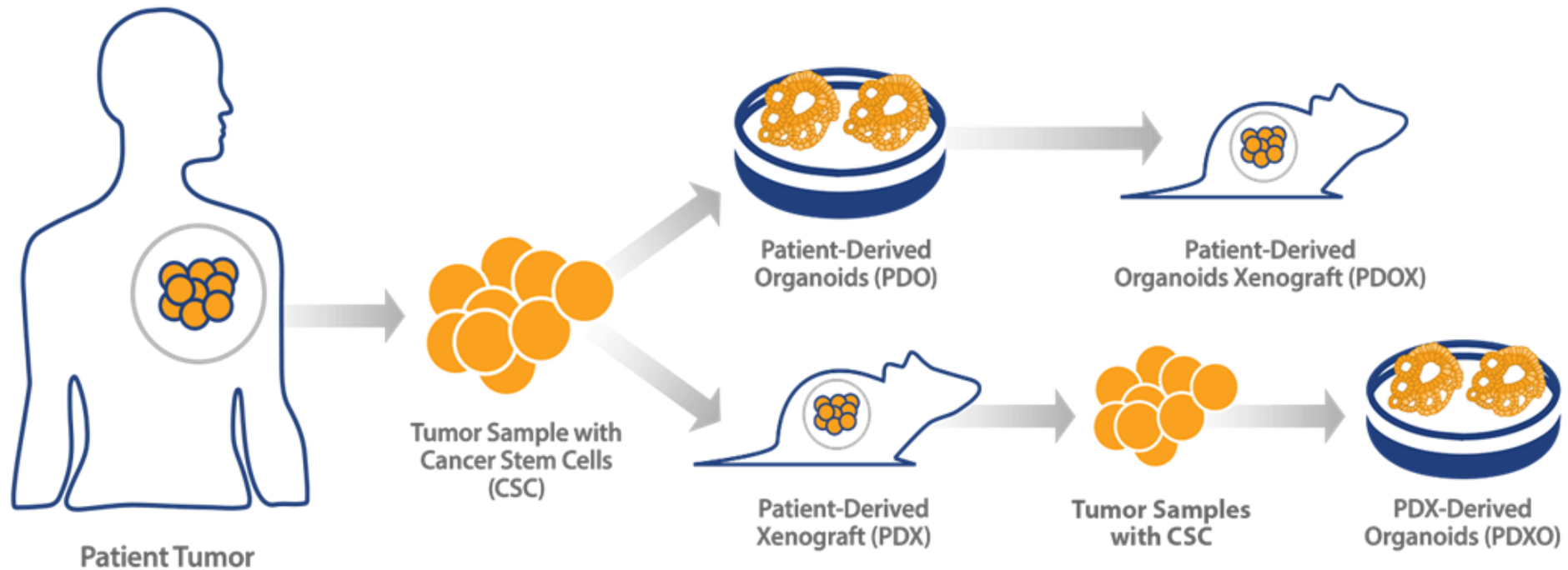
**Pharmacology Correlation: Paired  
*in vitro* PDXO and *in vivo* PDX**



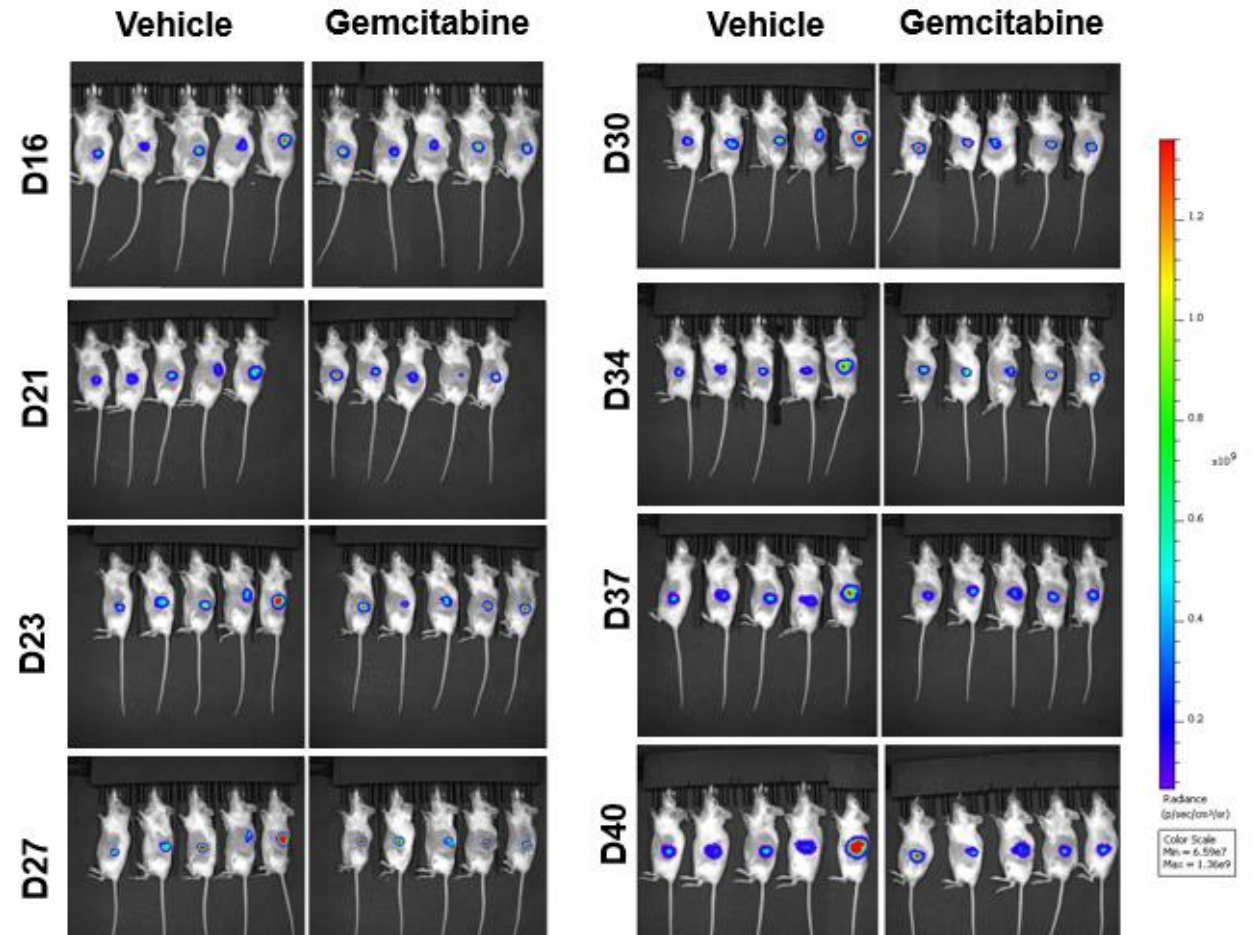
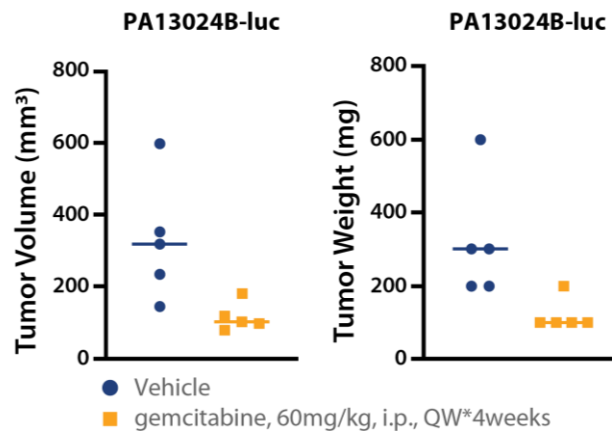
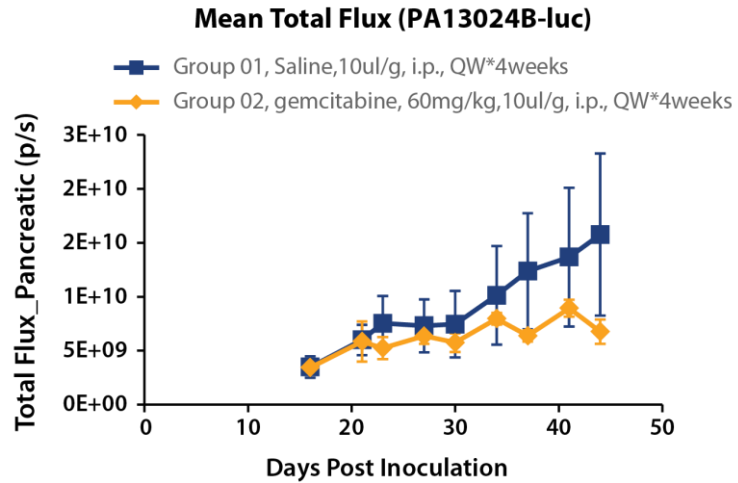


# Matched Living Biobanks

Not only provides biologically equivalent model, but also enables ability to test more conditions in diverse applications



# Engineered PDXO Models for Orthotopic Imaging



## Method 1

**Big data view:** different platforms and cancer types

**Analysis:** PC, DEG, PCC

	Cancer Type			
	CRC	LU	PA	Combined
TCGA	456	513	177	<b>1146</b>
PDO	45	13	25	<b>83</b>
PDXO	23	22	8	<b>53</b>
PDX	27	32	16	<b>75</b>
PDC	5	11	11	<b>27</b>
CCLE	54	171	41	<b>266</b>

## Method 2

**Individual paired datasets**

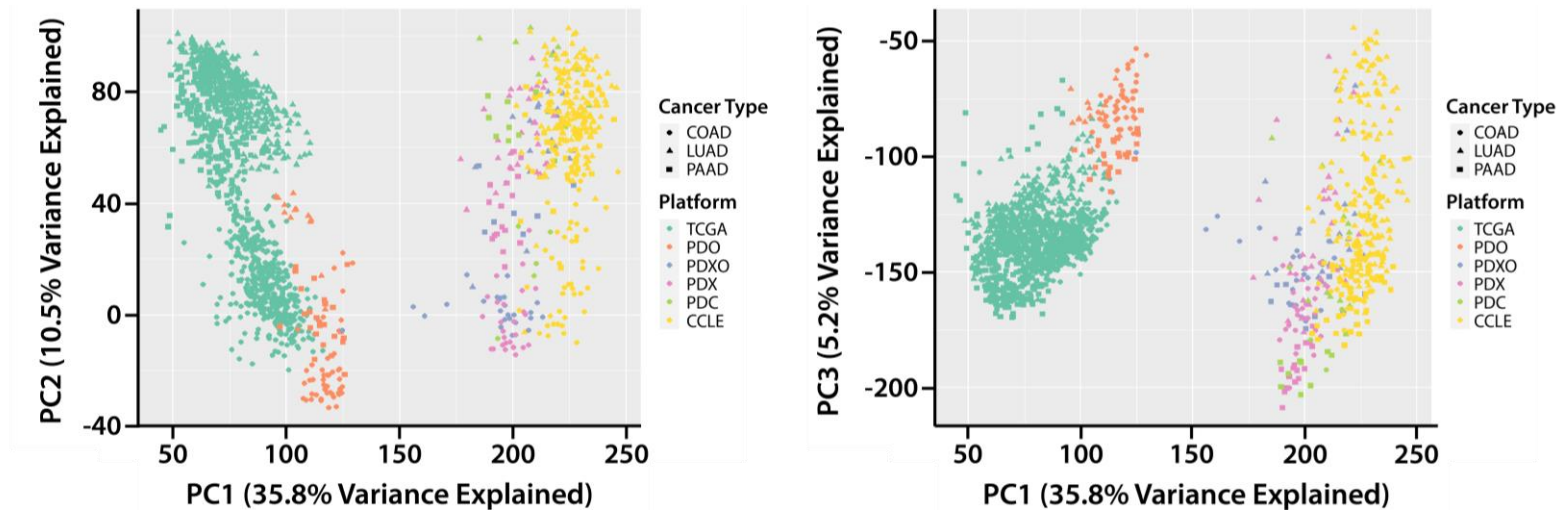
- 37 PDX-derived cell line/PDX pairs
- 83 PDXO/PDX pairs

**Analysis**

- DESeq2 to find DEGs
  - Whole dataset
  - Cancer type (at least two models)
- ORA and GSEA analysis
  - 50 MSigDB Hallmark genesets
  - 1329 canonical pathways in MSigDB
  - 203 KEGG pathways

# mRNA Principle Component (PC) Analysis

## Principle Component Analysis plots PCA plots

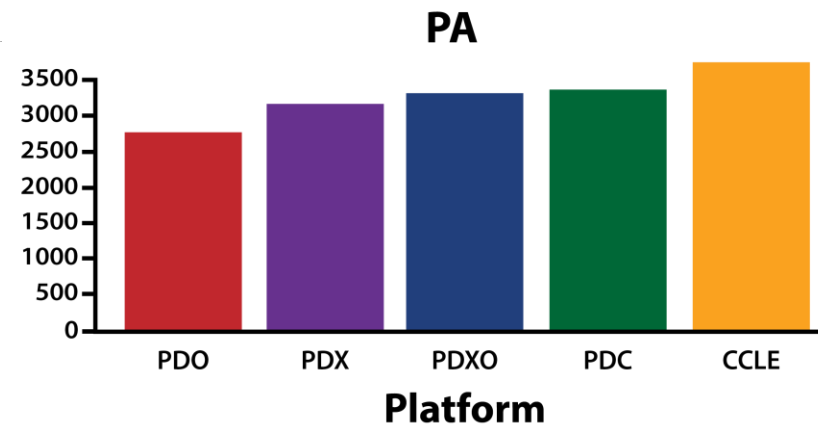
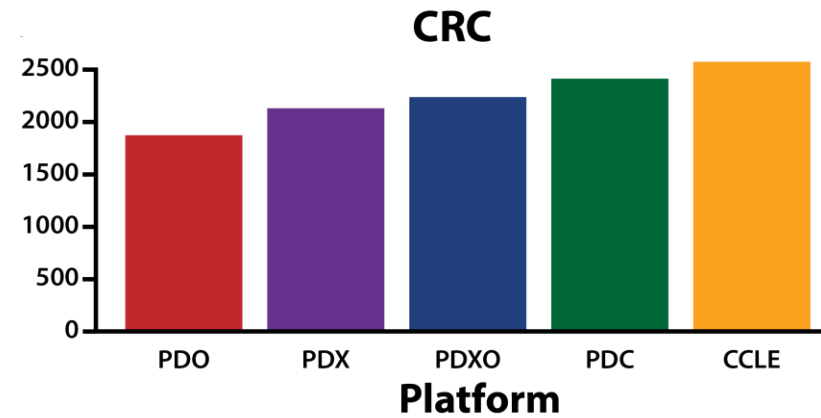
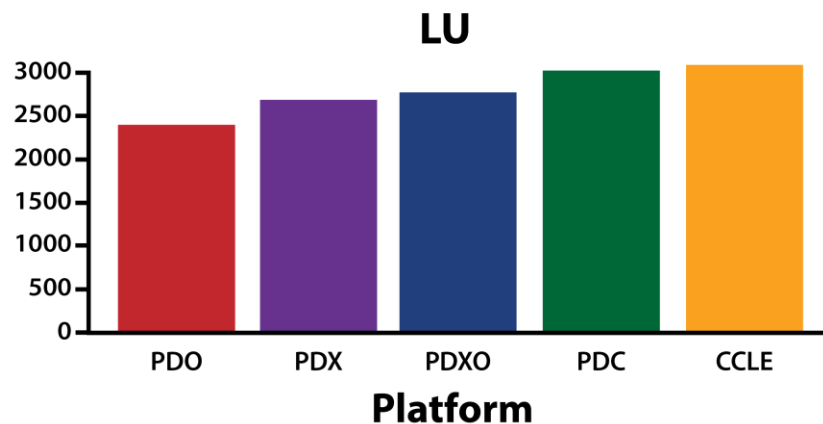


Top 5000 most varied genes of TCGA samples for PCA - PC1 contributes a large portion of variance (35.8%)

- PC1: TCGA>PDO>PDX/PDX-derived > CCLE (Platform)
- PC2: PDO > TCGA ~ PDX-derived/CCLE (Platform) (different among cancer types)
- PC3: PDX-derived > TCGA > CCLE > PDO

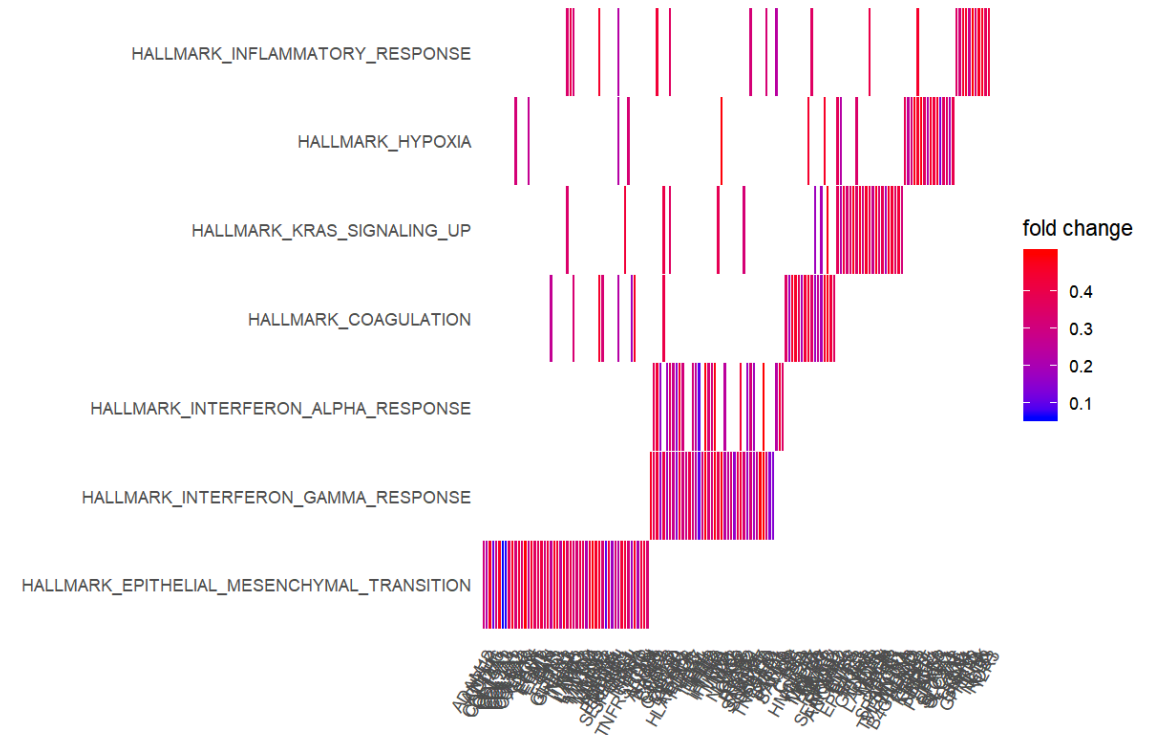
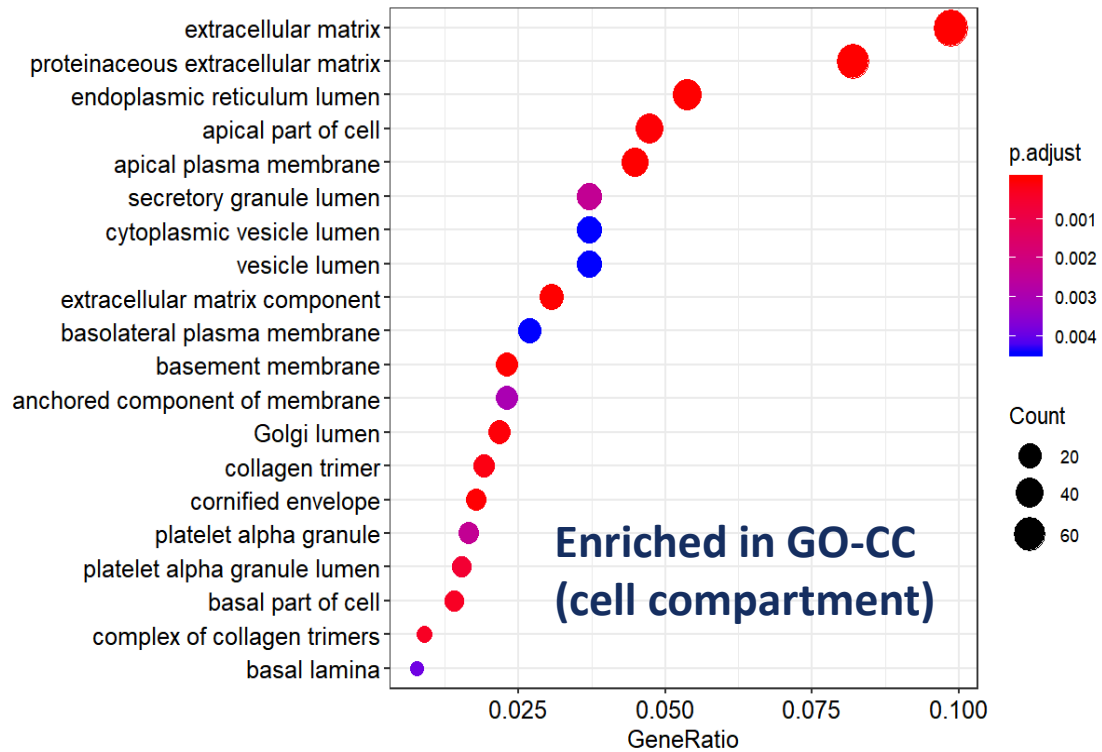
# DEG# (Differentially Expressed Genes) Compared to TCGA

**PDO > PDXO > PDC > CCLE**





## Lowered EMT activity, reduced extracellular matrix-related expression



- Patient-derived models/biobanks - PDX/PDO are both clinically predictive and can be used in hypothesis testing & in drug development
- PDO enables matrix screening, significantly improving the drug discovery workflows
- Matched biobanks of both are largely bio-equivalent, complementing each other in applications
- Minor differences across the platforms will be investigated further

# Clarity With CrownBio

Recognize your next clinical candidate when you see it.



**CrownBio**  
CONNECTING SCIENCE TO PATIENTS